

Liquidity Disclosures - Basel III

March 2023

Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio – March 2023

In August 2018, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued its regulations on Liquidity Risk Management (LM). Amongst other things, the LM regulations mandate banks to implement Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) by end of June 2019. The main objective of the LCR is to promote short-term resilience of the liquidity risk profile of banks by ensuring that they have sufficient level of high-quality liquid assets (HQLAs) to honour net cash outflows and survive a significant stress scenario lasting for a period of up to 30 days. As per CBB LM regulations, banks must meet the minimum LCR of not less than 100 percent daily.

The below table provides information on BDB's Consolidated LCR for the quarter ended 31st March 2023.

		1		(In BD 000')	
Consolidated LCR		Total Unweighted Value (average)	Weights	Total Weighted Value (average)	
	QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS	1			
1	Total HQLA			60,580	
CASH	DUTFLOWS				
2	Retails Deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:				
3	Stable Deposits				
4	Less Stable Deposits	2,715	10%	271	
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:				
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks				
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	10,151	100%	10,151	
8	Unsecured Debt				
9	Secured wholesale funding				
10	Additional requirements, of which:				
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements				
12	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products				
13	Credit and liquidity facilities				
14	Other contractual funding obligations	1,589	100%	1,589	
15	Other contingent funding obligations	-	5%	-	
16	Total Cash Outflows	14,456		12,012	
CASHI	NFLOWS				
17	Secured lending (eg reverse repos)				
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	1,264	50%	632	
19	Other cash inflows	11,352	100%	11,352	
20	Total Cash Inflows	12,617		9,009	
				Total Adjusted Value	
21	TOTAL HQLA			60,580	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			3,003	
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			2017%	

As per the CBB LM module, the consolidated LCR of 2017% reported above in line 23 is the simple average of daily LCR during Q1 2023.

Net Stable Funding Ratio – March 2023

The CBB's Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) regulations became effective on 31st December 2019. The objective of the NSFR is to promote the resilience of banks' liquidity risk profile and to incentivise a more resilient banking sector over a longer time horizon. The NSFR requires banks to maintain a stable funding profile in relation to assets and off-balance sheet activities. A sustainable funding structure is intended to reduce the likelihood of disruptions to a bank's regular sources of funding that will erode its liquidity position in a way that would increase the risk of its failure and potentially lead to broader systemic stress. The NSFR limits over-reliance on short-term wholesale funding, encourages better assessment of funding risk across all on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet items, and promotes funding stability. The NSFR must be equal to at least 100% on an ongoing basis.

The below table provides information on BDB's Consolidated NSFR as of 31st March 2023:

						(In BD 000')
No.	Item	Unweighted Values (before applying factors)				
		No Specified maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total Weighted Value
Ava	ilable Stable Funding (ASF)					
1	Capital:					-
2	Regulatory Capital	61,442	-	-	856	62,298
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-
-	Retail Deposits and deposits from small business customers:					
5	Stable Deposits:	-	-	-	-	-
	Less stable deposits:		2,755	-	-	2,480
-	Wholesale funding:	I				
	Operational Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other Wholesale Funding	-	17,015	4,030	136,080	146,603
	Other liabilities:					
	NSFR Derivative Liabilities		4,269	-	-	-
	All other liabilities not included in the above categories Total ASF		4,209	-	-	211.381
	uired Stable Funding (RSF)					211,561
	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					2.882
	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	_			-	
	Performing loans and securities:			1		
-	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-
	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-level 1 HQLA and					
18	unsecured performing loans to financial instutions	-	13,632	-	-	2,045
	Performing Loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and					
19	small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs,					
	of which:	-	3,255	5,040	-	4,148
20	-With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital					
20	Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	-	-	108,066	91,856
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which	-	-	-	-	-
22	-With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital					
	Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	-	-	-	-
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including					
24	exchange-traded equities	-	-	-	-	-
	Other Assets: Physical traded commodities, including gold		_	_		
25	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to	-				-
26	default funds of CCPs		_	_	_	
27	NSFR Derivative Assets			-	-	-
-	NSFR Derivative Liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted			_	-	
-	All other asses not included in the above categories	35,092	-	-	-	35,092
	OBS Items	00,002	32,006	-	-	1,600
	Total RSF		,- 30			137,622
32	NSFR %					154%